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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
SAN JOSE DIVISION**

ARIEL ABITTAN,

PLAINTIFF,

v.

LILY CHAO (A/K/A TIFFANY CHEN, A/K/A
YUTING CHEN), DAMIEN DING (A/K/A
DAMIEN LEUNG, A/K/A TAO DING),
TEMUJIN LABS INC. (A DELAWARE
CORPORATION), AND TEMUJIN LABS
INC. (A CAYMAN CORPORATION),

DEFENDANTS,

and

EIAN LABS INC.,

NOMINAL DEFENDANT.

Case No. 5:20-CV-09340-NC

**UPDATED CASE MANAGEMENT
STATEMENT AND RULE 26(f) REPORT**

Complaint Filed: December 24, 2020

Judge: Hon. Nathanael Cousins

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26, Local Rule 16-9, this Court's Standing Orders, and this Court's September 7, 2022 Order granting the parties' joint stipulation (ECF No. 156), Plaintiff Ariel Abittan ("Plaintiff") submits this Case Management Statement and Rule 26(f) Report in advance of the Case Management Conference scheduled for September 28, 2022.¹

A. Jurisdiction and Service

1. Plaintiff's Position

This Court possesses diversity jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1332. The amount in controversy between the parties exceeds \$75,000. This court also possesses federal question jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction as to Counts Six and Seven pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 1962 and 1964. This Court possesses supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1367 with respect to the remaining causes of action.

All parties have been served.

There are no issues regarding personal jurisdiction or venue.

2. Defendants' Position

As set out in Temujin Cayman's Motion to Dismiss, in which the Individual Defendants join, Temujin Cayman disputes that Plaintiff has standing to bring the derivative claims in the Complaint. Plaintiff's lack of standing means that the Court lacks jurisdiction over those derivative claims. Defendants do not dispute service, personal jurisdiction or venue.

B. Relevant Factual Background

1. Summary of Plaintiff's Factual Allegations

Plaintiff's action arises from a multi-year fraudulent scheme orchestrated by Defendants. After spending approximately two years working together as 50/50 partners in a luxury watch resale business—in which Abittan still co-owns 24 watches with Ding and Chen worth at least five times his original investment of \$1,139,270—Abittan, Chao, and Ding founded a cryptocurrency and blockchain project in 2018 currently known to the public as Findora.

¹ Counsel for Plaintiff attempted to contact Defendants' counsel multiple times by email and phone prior to filing this case management statement. Plaintiff's counsel informed Defendants' counsel that they intended to file the case management statement by 9:30 pm. Having still not heard from Defendants' counsel by 11:15 pm, Plaintiff files this case management statement independently, but includes those portions previously submitted by Defendants. All positions stated on behalf of Defendants were drafted by Defendants' counsel and have not been edited or altered.

1 Personal anonymity and corporate misdirection were the foundation of Chao's and Ding's
2 fraudulent scheme. While reassuring Abittan that he had an interest in all aspects of Findora, Chao
3 and Ding fraudulently formed numerous shell companies through a series of forged contracts, false
4 filings, and misrepresentations about ownership. Chen and Ding then acted as general managers of
5 those entities while defrauding Abittan and investors out of millions of dollars.

6 While unaware of Chao and Ding's fraud, Abittan worked in good faith to make Findora
7 a success. Ding and Chen consistently represented that they had secured or were securing
8 investments in Findora from major players in China, including a \$230,000,000 investment in tokens
9 and another \$50,000,000 investment. In reliance on Chen's misrepresentation, Abittan secured
10 \$1,200,000 in investments for Findora from his friends and family. When Findora failed to issue a
11 token and investors demanded their money back, Chen induced the investors to roll their
12 investments into a new deal with Findora by presenting a term sheet showing a \$10,000,000
13 incoming investment from China Orient Group, at a \$60,000,000 valuation for Findora. To date,
14 Plaintiff's friends and family have received neither their tokens nor a return of their investments.

15 On July 3, 2019, Abittan, Chen, and Ding met to discuss repayment of investor funds, as
16 well as the repayment of over \$600,000 of credit card expenses that Chen (and her agents) had
17 incurred on Abittan's personal credit. At that meeting, Chen and Ding presented Abittan with a
18 single-page document titled a "Unanimous Action of Members" ("UAM") that, at the time, Chen
19 and Ding claimed was a corporate formality to preserve the rights of Findora's shareholders. The
20 terms of the UAM state that Eian owed \$300,000 to Temujin Labs Inc. but lacked "sufficient assets"
21 to repay that debt. The document then purports to authorize Eian to sell its assets to Temujin Labs
22 Inc. for \$1 and a discharge of the \$300,000 debt. Defendants contend that the UAM represents
23 Abittan's consent to transfer the Findora name and intellectual property (purportedly valued at
24 **\$60,000,000**) from Eian—the corporate entity of which Abittan was at least a 39.6% beneficial
25 owner—to Temujin Cayman—a new entity formed by Ding and Chen in which Abittan purportedly
26 has no stake—for **absolutely nothing**.

27 Following the execution of the UAM, Ding and Chen shut Abittan out of Findora, omitted
28 Abittan from Findora's new website, and prevented Abittan from accessing his Findora-related

1 email accounts. Chen and Ding falsely told numerous individuals that Abittan was not a founder of
2 Findora and that Abittan had made false promises to investors. Chen also failed to make good on
3 numerous promises to repay the debt incurred on Abittan's credit.

4 In sum, Chen and Ding inspired both Abittan's loyalty and his deference, first through a
5 watch partnership and, second, through promises of success if Abittan followed Chen's and Ding's
6 business advice. And once Chen and Ding knew they had Abittan's full trust, they weaponized it
7 to steal Findora and millions of dollars from investors and Abittan. In the process, Ding and Chen
8 defamed Abittan to countless individuals, incurred over \$600,000 of debt on Abittan's personal
9 credit, converted millions of dollars' worth of watches, and stole an additional \$1,200,000 from
10 Abittan's friends and family.

11 2. Defendants' Statement Regarding Plaintiff's Allegations

12 Defendants vigorously dispute all of Plaintiff's allegations. Rather, it is Plaintiff that is
13 spinning an elaborate web of lies and deception, fabricating alleged partnerships, agreements and
14 representations that do not exist and never have. It is Plaintiff that has sought to harm, steal
15 from, and defraud Defendants and the Temujin business.

16 For example, Plaintiff's complaint starts out by falsely identifying the Defendants in the
17 action. Plaintiff knows that Lily Chao ("Chao") and Yuting Chen ("Chen") are two separate
18 individuals. Plaintiff also knows that the watch business involved Chen, whereas the
19 cryptocurrency business involved Chao.

20 Regarding the watch business, Defendants dispute that there was a 50/50 partnership
21 between Abittan and the individual defendants. Abittan does not co-own any watch with the
22 individual defendants, and Abittan did not make an "original" investment of \$1,139,270. On the
23 contrary, Abittan still owes Chen a substantial amount for the proceeds of reselling watches that
24 Chen acquired, in addition to watches and sales proceeds unaccounted for that Abittan is
25 responsible for. As a result, Abittan currently owes Chen millions of dollars in the watch
26 business.

27 Regarding the cryptocurrency business, Temujin helped develop blockchain-based
28 financial technology known as "Findora." The Findora blockchain facilitates blockchain

1 transaction processing in a way that is both auditable and preserves user privacy.

2 Early in the cryptocurrency business, Abittan voluntarily transferred Eian Lab's
3 intellectual property to discharge a substantial debt of \$300,000. The transfer was evidenced by a
4 duly executed agreement, the authenticity of which has never been disputed by Abittan. This
5 action brought by Abittan is at most a case of seller's remorse. At worst, it is a calculated
6 double-dip by Abittan to reap an unjustified gain on a speculative tech startup by fraudulently
7 claiming an ownership interest in it now that the business is doing very well.

8 Around October 2020, Abittan began to foment discord among Temujin's employee and
9 advisor base, claiming that he owned some portion of Temujin's business and intellectual
10 property. Ultimately, Abittan's misstatements disrupted Temujin's employee and advisor base,
11 leading several of them to attempt to undermine the business.

12 Plaintiff's assertions were false. Plaintiff had no rightful claim to ownership in Temujin
13 or to any intellectual property related to Temujin or Findora. As noted, over a year and a half
14 earlier, in his capacity as a shareholder of a different entity, he had approved in writing the sale
15 of the intellectual property assets at issue to Temujin Cayman. Plaintiff's ownership assertions,
16 while false, had their intended effect, and precipitated a string of employee and advisor
17 defections from Temujin's business, accompanied by various forms of interference with the
18 business. Plaintiff conspired with Temujin Delaware's then-CEO and an advisor to Temujin to
19 interfere with Temujin's business, thereby damaging it. These claims are the subject of a
20 pending state court action filed by Temujin Delaware against Abittan and others that is currently
21 pending in the Superior Court of Santa Clara County.

22 In an effort to justify his lies, deception, and wrongful interference, Plaintiff has resorted
23 to meritless claims in both this Court and the Superior Court of Santa Clara County against
24 Defendants and the Temujin business. It appears that Plaintiff is intent on maximizing the use of
25 judicial resources. Having had his Complaint in this Court against Temujin Delaware dismissed
26 because it should have been brought as a counterclaim in the earlier-filed Superior Court action
27 by Temujin Delaware, Abittan has now filed a Cross-Complaint in the Superior Court action
28 naming the same two entities and two individuals that he named as defendants in this case,

1 together with another twenty entities and individuals that he again alleges were part of a “RICO
2 enterprise” and “fraudulent scheme.” Apart from the vastly expanded number of cross-
3 defendants in the state court action, Abittan raises nearly identical claims to those asserted in this
4 Court (except for the derivative claims on purported behalf of Eian Labs Inc.).

5 For the time being, therefore, and subject to the pending motion, Abittan’s meritless
6 claims are being litigated in two separate courts. Abittan’s bizarre and unsupported allegations,
7 including that Defendants masterminded a “RICO enterprise” and “fraudulent scheme” are
8 merely an extension of Plaintiff’s all-out baseless war against Defendants and the Temujin
9 business.

10 **C. Legal Issues**

11 **1. Plaintiff’s Position**

12 Plaintiff anticipates the following disputed points of law, among others, will arise in this
13 case:

- 14 • Whether Defendants are liable for breach of fiduciary duty;
- 15 • Whether Defendants are liable for aiding and abetting breach of fiduciary duty;
- 16 • Whether Defendants are liable for fraudulent inducement;
- 17 • Whether Defendants are liable for unjust enrichment;
- 18 • Whether Plaintiff is entitled to an accounting;
- 19 • Whether Defendants are liable for violations of Civil Rico (18 U.S.C. §§ 1962(c);
20 1962(d));
- 21 • Whether Defendants are liable for fraud;
- 22 • Whether Defendants are liable for breach of contract;
- 23 • Whether Defendants are liable for defamation.

24 **2. Defendants’ Position**

25 None of the Defendants has yet answered Abittan’s Complaint. Temujin Cayman’s motion
26 to dismiss is pending and the Individual Defendants have joined in that motion. As noted above,
27 Defendants will vigorously contest Plaintiff’s allegations and claims, if and when required to do
28 so, which may include asserting their own counterclaims against Plaintiff.

D. Motions

MOVING PARTY	MOTION	STATUS
Defendant Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware)	Motion to Dismiss Complaint filed 4/9/21	Granted on 7/19/21
Individual Defendants and Temujin Labs Inc. (Cayman)	Motion to Dismiss, or in the Alternative Quash Service of Summons filed 5/28/21	Granted on 7/19/21
Individual Defendants, Temujin Labs Inc. (Cayman), Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware)	Administrative Motion to Continue Case Management Conference and Associated Deadlines filed on 7/2/21	Denied on 7/6/21
Plaintiff Ariel Abittan	Motion for an Order Allowing Defendants Lily Chao and Damien Ding to be Served (1) Through Counsel, (2) Through Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware)'s Registered Agent, (3) By Text, or (4) By Publication filed on 9/20/21	Granted on 11/24/21
Defendant Temujin Labs Inc. (Cayman)	Motion to Dismiss Complaint filed on 11/8/21	Pending: Opposition filed on 11/22/21; Reply filed on 11/29/21; Hearing date vacated on 12/9/21 (ECF 117) because "[t]he Court finds the motion suitable for decision without oral argument."
Plaintiff Ariel Abittan	Motion to Stay filed 1/12/22	Denied on 2/7/22
Plaintiff Ariel Abittan	Motion for Leave to File Amended Complaint filed on 2/23/22	Pending: Opposition filed on 3/9/22 Reply filed on 3/16/22 Hearing date set for 3/30/22
Defendants	Motion to Strike filed 6/17/22	Motion terminated on 7/4/22

Plaintiff submits that there are no other motions anticipated at this time.

Defendants submit that rather than stay this action, as requested by Plaintiff's motion, this Court should dismiss the action and allow the claims at issue in this case to be litigated in the state forum currently pending in Santa Clara County Superior Court. Additionally, depending on the outcome of Temujin Cayman's motion to dismiss, and in view of Plaintiff's

1 apparent intention to amend the Complaint (indicated below), Defendants cannot rule out other
2 motions. Defendants also submit that motions for summary judgment and/or other substantive
3 motions may be appropriate in due course.

4 **E. Amendment of Pleadings**

5 Plaintiff filed an amended complaint on July 5, 2022 (ECF No. 149). Plaintiff does not
6 anticipate amending the pleadings further at this time, but reserves the right to seek leave to amend
7 the pleadings further if newly discovered evidence emerges.

8 **F. Evidence Preservation**

9 Counsel for the parties have met and conferred about the preservation of evidence relevant
10 to the issues reasonably evident in this action. The parties additionally certify that the parties have
11 reviewed the Guidelines for the Discovery of Electronically Stored Information, understand their
12 preservation obligations, and have implemented document preservation protocols.

13 **G. Disclosures**

14 In accordance with the parties' joint stipulation (ECF No. 110) and this Court's order (ECF
15 No. 111), the parties fully and timely complied with the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 by
16 exchanging initial disclosures on December 1, 2021.

17 **H. Discovery**

18 Plaintiff's Position: On November 17, 2021, the parties met and conferred on the scope
19 and timing of discovery. Plaintiff submits that even though Defendants Chao and Ding had not
20 been served at the time of the conference, Plaintiff advised Defendants' *shared* counsel during the
21 Rule 26(f) conference that given the unity of identity between Chao, Ding, and Temujin Cayman,
22 the scope and timing of discovery would be identical for all Defendants. Following the meet and
23 confer, this Court granted Plaintiff's motion for alternative service (ECF No. 113), and Plaintiff
24 promptly served Chao and Ding via email and text message. Consequently, Plaintiff submits that
25 the November 17, 2021 meet and confer satisfied his Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 obligations for all
26 defendants.

On May 2, 2022, this Court stayed Defendants Lily Chao's and Damien Ding's depositions "based on the pending motions and the global mediation being planned in State Court." [ECF No. 139]. On May 20, 2022, the Court granted Defendants' motion to dismiss without prejudice. [ECF No. 141]. On July 5, 2022, Plaintiff filed an Amended Complaint. [ECF No. 149]. On July 26, 2022, Defendants answered Plaintiff's Amended Complaint. [ECF No. 152]. Accordingly, there are no pending motions in this action. Moreover, in the three months since this Court's order staying Defendants' depositions, the parties have made incremental progress towards mediation. Defendants have agreed to produce Defendants Chao and Ding for depositions on identity issues, and Judge Kulkarni has ordered the parties to complete those depositions by October 31, 2022. Following multiple motions to compel, Judge Kulkarni also ordered Chao and Ding to disclose their true identities and aliases. A mediator has not been selected, and no additional documents have been exchanged. In short, the timing of the State Action mediation remains uncertain. Nonetheless, Plaintiff is seeking to prosecute this action and submits that discovery should not be stayed in this action.

Defendant's Position: Defendants submit that, at the time of the Rule 26(f) conference, the individual Defendants had not been served. Counsel for Temujin Cayman expressly stated during that conference that the individual Defendants were not part of the conference. Nevertheless, the individual Defendants submit that the parties have met and conferred to satisfy their Fed. R. Civ. P. 26 obligations.

1. **Plaintiff's Rule 26(f) Report**

a. Proposed Changes to Rule 26(a)(1) Disclosures

- a. Initial disclosures were exchanged on December 1, 2021.
- b. No changes to the standard requirements were necessary.

b. Scope and Subjects of Discovery

- a. Without prejudice to his rights to seek discovery on any relevant issues, Plaintiff contemplates that he will need and seek discovery concerning all factual, evidentiary, and legal support from Defendants and any relevant non-party regarding Plaintiff's claims and theories of liability and damages.

- b. Plaintiff contemplates that Defendants will seek discovery concerning the basis of Plaintiff's claims, theories of liability and damages, Defendants' defenses to each, and any and all factual, evidentiary, and legal support.
- c. The anticipated method of future discovery will include: (1) written discovery in the form of Interrogatories, Requests for Admissions, and Requests for Production of Documents; (2) written discovery via issuance of subpoenas to third parties; (3) oral depositions of Plaintiff, Defendants, Defendants' employees, agents, and "person(s) most knowledgeable" under Rule 30(b)(6); and (4) oral depositions via consent or issuance of subpoenas to third parties.
- d. Plaintiff respectfully submits that no limitations or phases should be imposed on conducting written discovery or depositions. Plaintiff submits that the parties should be permitted to serve written discovery, as well as take depositions, at any time following the initial case management conference.
- e. Supplementations under Rule 26(e) are due in reasonable time after material, relevant facts are learned, or by court order.
- f. Discovery deadlines shall be set by the Court.
- c. Issues Relating to Electronically Stored Information
- a. Plaintiff does not anticipate any issues relating to disclosure or discovery of electronically stored information.
- b. The parties will address any such issues in the event they arise.
- d. Procedures for Resolving Disputes Regarding Claims of Privilege
- a. Rule 26(b)(5) should apply to any claims of privilege or protecting materials asserted as being for trial-preparation.
- b. Plaintiff respectfully requests that this proposed procedure be adopted within the Court's further orders.
- e. Other Orders
- a. Plaintiff is willing to immediately enter into a protective order in the form of the model Stipulated Protective Order for Standard Litigation.

b. Plaintiff requests a scheduling order under Rule 16(b).

c. Plaintiff does not request an order under Rule 16(c) at this time.

f. Changes in Discovery Limitations

a. Plaintiff anticipates that it will need more than ten (10) depositions, as well as an additional ten (10) interrogatories, making a total of 35, because of Ding and Chen's use of agents, the shell companies' various employees, and Findora's consultants, advisors, and investors, all of whom have relevant, probative evidence of Ding and Chen's fraudulent scheme. These limitations may need to be revisited if Plaintiff's Complaint is amended and other parties are added.

b. Otherwise, Plaintiff does not currently anticipate any other changes to the limitations on discovery proposed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, but reserves the right to seek appropriate relief and modifications to the discovery limitations from the Court if necessary.

2. Defendants' Rule 26(f) Report:

Defendants provide the following information in connection with the Rule 26(f) Report:

a. Proposed Changes to Rule 26(a)(1) Disclosures

i. Defendants provided their initial disclosures on December 1, 2021.

ii. No changes to the standard requirements are necessary.

b. Scope and Subjects of Discovery

i. Without prejudice to Defendants' rights to seek discovery on any relevant issues, Defendants contemplate that they will need and seek discovery from Plaintiff and any relevant non-party regarding Plaintiff's claims and theories of liability and damages, as well as Defendants' defenses.

ii Defendants contemplate that Plaintiff will seek discovery from Defendants and others regarding Plaintiff's claims, theories of liability and damages, Defendants' defenses to each, and any and all factual, evidentiary, and legal support.

iii. The anticipated methods of future discovery will include: (1) written

discovery in the form of Interrogatories, Requests for Admissions, and Requests for Production of Documents; (2) written discovery via issuance of subpoenas to third parties; (3) oral depositions of the parties; and (4) oral depositions of third parties.

iv. Defendants submit that the parties should not be permitted to serve written discovery or take depositions until the pending motions to stay and to dismiss have been adjudicated and all parties have filed a responsive pleading.

v. Defendants agree that supplementations under Rule 26(e) are due in reasonable time after material, relevant facts are learned, or by court order.

vi. Defendants agree that discovery deadlines shall be set by the Court and respectfully submits that these should be set after the pending motions to stay and to dismiss have been adjudicated and responsive pleadings have been filed if necessary.

c. Issues Relating to Electronically Stored Information

i. Defendants do not anticipate any issues relating to disclosure or discovery of electronically stored information.

ii. The parties will address any such issues in the event they arise.

d. Procedures for Resolving Disputes Regarding Claims of Privilege

i. Defendants agree that Rule 26(b)(5) should apply to any claims of privilege or protecting materials asserted as being for trial-preparation.

ii. Defendants agree that this proposed procedure should be adopted within the Court's further orders.

f. Other Orders

i. Because disclosure and discovery activity in this action is likely to involve the production of highly sensitive confidential information, Defendants will seek a protective order based on the Court's model protective orders, with appropriate modifications as necessary. Defendants will work with Plaintiff to seek to agree a proposed protective order to be submitted to the Court for approval.

ii. Defendants submit that a scheduling order under Rule 16(b) should not be entered until the pending motions have been adjudicated and all parties have filed a responsive pleading.

iii. Defendants do not request an order under Rule 16(c) at this time.

g. Changes in Discovery Limitations

i. Defendants anticipate that they will need to take more than ten (10) depositions because of the extensive (but false) allegations by Plaintiff and with respect to their defenses and counterclaims should a responsive pleading be required. Defendants also anticipate that they will need an additional ten (10) interrogatories, making a total of 35, because of the Plaintiff's allegations. These limitations may need to be revisited if Plaintiff's Complaint is amended and other parties are added as Plaintiff has indicated.

ii. Otherwise, Defendants do not currently anticipate any other changes to the limitations on discovery proposed by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, but reserve the right to seek appropriate relief and modifications to the discovery limitations from the Court if necessary.

I. Class Actions

Not applicable.

J. Related Cases

1. Plaintiff's Statement

Plaintiff submits the following cases are presently related to this action:

- *Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware) v. Ariel Abittan, Benjamin Fisch, and Charles Lu, and Does 1-10, inclusive*, Santa Clara County Superior, Case No. 20CV372622;
- *Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware) v. Franklin Fu*, Santa Clara County Superior Court, Case No. 28-21CV375422;
- *Temujin Labs Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Temujin Labs Inc., a Cayman Islands corporation v. Translucence Research Inc., a Delaware corporation, Benjamin Fisch, Charles Lu, Benedkit Bunz, Nathan McCarty, Fernando Krell,*

Philippe Camacho Cortina, Binyi Chen, and Luoyuan (Alex) Xiong, and Does 1-20, inclusive, San Francisco Superior Court, Case No. CGC21596745;

- *Temujin Labs Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Temujin Labs Inc., a Cayman Islands corporation v. Translucence Research Inc., a Delaware corporation, Benjamin Fisch, Charles Lu, Benedkit Bunz, Nathan McCarty, Fernando Krell, Philippe Camacho Cortina, Binyi Chen, and Luoyuan (Alex) Xiong, and Does 1-20, inclusive*, United Stated District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division, Case No. 3:21-cv-09152.
- *Yuting Chen v. Ariel Abittan, Abraham Abittan, Rachel Abittan, Brian Abittan, Jacob Abittan, Allyssa Abittan, Eliana Abittan, Roy Graber, Tova Graber, Realtime NY LLC, a New. York Limited Liability Company, and DOES 1-20, inclusive*, United Stated District Court, Northern District of California, San Francisco Division, Case No. 3:21-cv-09393(the “Chen v. Abittan Action”).²

2. Defendants’ Statement

Defendants agree that *Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware) v. Ariel Abittan, Benjamin Fisch, and Charles Lu, and Does 1-10, inclusive*, Santa Clara County Superior, Case No. 20CV372622 is related to this action.

Defendants disagree that the other cases listed by Plaintiff are related to this action. Furthermore, *Temujin Labs Inc., a Delaware corporation, and Temujin Labs Inc., a Cayman Islands corporation v. Translucence Research Inc., a Delaware corporation, Benjamin Fisch, Charles Lu, Benedkit Bunz, Nathan McCarty, Fernando Krell, Philippe Camacho Cortina, Binyi Chen, and Luoyuan (Alex) Xiong, and Does 1-20, inclusive*, San Francisco Superior Court, Case No. CGC21596745 has already been dismissed without prejudice.

K. Relief

1. Plaintiff’s Statement

Plaintiff requests the following relief:

² Though Defendants apparently “disagree” that the Chen v. Abittan Action is related (as noted below), Yuting Chen—through the same counsel representing her and the other Defendants herein—marked this action as a “related case” on the civil cover sheet filed in conjunction with the Chen v. Abittan Action complaint on December 6, 2021.

- a. That Defendants, and all other persons acting in active concert or privately or in participation with Defendants, be temporarily, preliminarily, and permanently enjoined from the wrongful acts and conduct set forth above;
- b. That Abittan receive such other injunctive relief as they may request and the Court may deem just and proper;
- c. That Defendants be required to account for all gains, profits, and advantages derived from their acts of conversion and other violations of law;
- d. That all gains, profits and advantages derived by Defendants from acts of conversion and other violations of law be deemed to be in constructive trust for the benefit of Abittan;
- e. For an order rescinding the corporate formation documents of each Common Enterprise Entity and intellectual property sale agreement;
- f. For an order requiring Defendants to disgorge profits earned from their unlawful conduct;
- g. For an award of restitution, unjust enrichment, actual damages, statutory damages, and compensatory damages according to proof at trial;
- h. For punitive and exemplary damages according to proof at trial;
- i. For attorneys' fees, costs of suit, and prejudgment and post judgment interest, as provided under applicable law; and
- j. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

2. Defendants' Statement

As noted already, none of the Defendants has yet filed an answer and the motion to dismiss is pending. Accordingly, Defendants have not yet pled the specific relief they seek, but they deny that they have caused any injury to Plaintiff and deny that he is entitled to the relief he seeks or any relief.

L. Settlement and ADR

On March 3, 2021, Plaintiff filed an ADR Certification by Parties and Counsel pursuant to Civil L.R. 16-8(b) and ADR L.R. 3-5(b), which certified that counsel for all parties discussed the

1 selection of an ADR process, and that based on such discussion, the parties prefer to discuss ADR
2 selection at the case management conference.

3 **M. Consent to Magistrate Judge for All Purposes**

4 All parties have consented to proceeding before a Magistrate Judge for all purposes.

5 **N. Other References**

6 None.

7 **O. Narrowing of Issues**

8 The parties respectfully submit that it is premature to consider agreement to narrow issues
9 for trial or to expedite the presentation of evidence at trial. The parties respectfully submit that it
10 would be inappropriate to bifurcate any issues, claims, or defenses at this time.

11 **P. Expedited Trial Procedure**

12 The parties respectfully submit that this case is not appropriate for proceedings pursuant to
13 the expedited trial procedure of General Order No. 64, Attachment A.

14 **Q. Scheduling**

15 The parties agree to have this Court set deadlines.

16 Plaintiff respectfully submits that a scheduling order should be promptly entered.

17 Defendants respectfully submit that these should be set after the pending motions to stay
18 and to dismiss have been adjudicated and responsive pleadings have been filed if necessary.

19 **R. Trial**

20 Plaintiff has demanded a jury trial of their claims against Defendants. The parties
21 respectfully submit that it is premature to estimate an expected length of the trial.

22 **S. Disclosure of Non-Party Interested Entities or Persons**

23 1. Plaintiff's Statement

24 Plaintiff does not believe he is required to file a statement pursuant to Local Rule 3-15
25 because he is not associated with persons, associations of persons, firms, partnerships,
26 corporations (including parent corporations), or other entities other than the parties themselves
27 known by the party to have either: (a) a financial interest (of any kind) in the subject matter in
28 controversy or in a party to the proceeding; or (b) any other kind of interest that could be

substantially affected by the outcome of the proceeding.

2. Defendant's Statement

On March 2, 2021, Temujin Cayman and Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware) filed a Certification of Interested Entities or Persons, identifying Temujin Cayman as the parent of Temujin Labs Inc. (Delaware), and identifying MapleLeaf Ventures Limited as Temujin Cayman's majority holder. [ECF No. 17]. Individual Defendants will file a Certification of Interested Entities or Persons pursuant to Civil L.R. 3-15.

T. Professional Conduct

All attorneys of record for the parties can certify that they have reviewed the Guidelines for Professional Conduct for the Northern District of California.

U. Other Matters

The parties do not believe any other matters are appropriate for discussion at this time.

Dated: September 21, 2022

Respectfully Submitted,

/s/ Brianna K. Pierce

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